Paper Two (18 Marks)

I) Composition (6 m.)

A) In six sentences, Write an e- card to your friend about the ***country you travelled to in your holiday*** with the help of the guide words given below.

travelled to – by – stayed – hotel – weather – cold – enjoyed – fresh air – food – delicious –

visited places – museum – parks – best part of holiday – loved

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الورقة الثانية (18 درجة) : التعبير – القراءة و الاستيعاب – الاملاء – الخط و علامات الترقيم   الصفحة الثانية

II. Reading Comprehension (6 Marks)

Read the following passage then answer the questions bellow:

Ibn Battuta was a famous Arab explorer who wrote a book about his travels. He was born in 1304 in Tangier, in Morocco. He made his first journey when he was 21 years old, when he set off on a pilgrimage to Makkah. At first, he hated travelling because he felt lonely. However, during the next 28 years __he__ travelled over 120,000 kilometers.

Ibn Battuta stayed in Makkah for three years. After Makkah, he travelled throughout Turkey, Russia and India, where he worked for a king for seven year. In 1342, the king of India sent him to the most powerful king in the world, the king of China, but his boat sank while it was sailing through a storm. However, Ibn Battuta survived , and in 1344, he reached China and travelled to the capital, Beijing. He spent many years in China before he travelled to his country, passing through Damascus, Cairo and Spain. During the last few years of his life, he wrote a book about his travels called " Travels in Asia and Africa" . Ibn Battuta died in 1368.

pilgrimage " الحج "

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, and c: (3x1½=1½m)

1. The word 'he' , in line 4 refers to --------------------------.

a) the king of China   b) the king of Damascus   c) _Ibn Battuta_

2. At first he hated travelling ----------------------------------.

a) because he was sick

b) because he felt lonely

c) because he was afraid.

3) The boat sank, ----------------------.

a) and Ibn Battuta died.

b) and Ibn Battuta was lost.

c) but Ibn Battuta was safe.

B) Tick (✓) for the true or (X) for the false sentence: (3x1½=1½m)

4) Ibn Battuta stayed for 3 years in Makka.   (√)

5) Ibn Battuta went to see the king of China in 1304.   (x)

6) Ibn Battauta died in 1368.   (√)

الورقة الثانية (18 درجة) : التعبير – القراءة و الاستيعاب – الاملاء – الخط و علامات الترقيم   الصفحة الثالثة

B) Answer the following questions: (3x1=3m)

When was Ibn Battuta born ?

He was born in 1304 in Tangier, in Morocco.

7) When did Ibn Battuta make his first journey?

He made his first journey when he was 21 years old, when he set off on a pilgrimage to Makkah.

8) What did Ibn Battuta do during the last few years of his life?

During the last few year of his life, he wrote a book about his travels called Travels in Asia and Africa.

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III. Spelling (3 Marks)

A) Circle the mistakes and write them correctly: (2x½=1m)

1) The govorner is living in a big a balas .

   a) governor   b) *palace*

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B) a) Write the short or the long form for: : (2x½=1m)

3) Anno Domini =   *AD*

4) 1st   =   *First*

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C) Combine these words: : (2x½=1m)

7) invite + tion   = *invitation*

8) culture + al   = *cultural*

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IV. Handwriting & Punctuation (3 Marks)

A] Copy the following sentences in good cursive hand writing: [1 x 1=1m]

1) Muslims in Europe were advanced in medicine.

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B] Punctuate the following sentence: (4x½=2m)

1- her name is fatma isn't she

- **_H_**er name is **_F_**atma **,** isn't it **?**